



Module 1

Working in the Contaminated Environment

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Agency \_\_\_\_\_

Circle the most correct answer:

1. When performing an offensive operation in a potentially contaminated environment, which of the following Concepts of Operations (ConOPS) would be critical?
  - a. Perform Recon, Search and Rescue of victims
  - b. Continuous monitoring of the atmosphere
  - c. Establish escape routes and safe refuge areas
  - d. All the above
  
2. Which of the following statements is false regarding Structural Triage and Recon Operations?
  - a. Determine PPE/CPC requirements
  - b. Identify rescue opportunities
  - c. Establish exclusion and access control points
  - d. Establish decontamination areas after Recon has determined the type of risk
  
3. The NFPA standard critical to provide for the health and safety of Task Force members is:
  - a. NFPA 1500
  - b. NFPA 1584
  - c. NFPA 1994
  - d. NFPA 472
  
4. Under the concept of operations what modes are employed at the site?
  - a. Non-intervention and defensive
  - b. Non-intervention and offensive
  - c. Offensive and Defensive
  - d. Planning and operations
  
5. Decontamination may be performed by the following members:
  - a. Only Haz Mat trained specialist
  - b. Medical and Haz Mat
  - c. Any member
  - d. Members trained from rescue and Haz Mat



**Urban Search and Rescue in a Contaminated Environment**

6. CBRNE is an acronym for?
  - a. Chemical, Botany, Radiological, Nuclear, Explosive
  - b. Chemical, Biological, Radiological, Nuclear, Explosives
  - c. Climatologically, Biological, Radiological, Nuclear, Explosive
  - d. Chemical, Biological, Radiological, Nuclear, Electrical
7. Who staffs the decon corridor for the Task Force?
  - a. Logistics
  - b. Hazmat
  - c. Medical
  - d. Task Force personnel
8. Staffing for a task force deployment includes 10 Hazmat Specialist. Of that 10 what is the staffing allocated for recon operations?
  - a. 6
  - b. 2
  - c. 1
  - d. 4
9. Chemical protective clothing inventories allow initially for \_\_\_\_\_ hrs of continuous operations in a contaminated environment.
  - a. 24
  - b. 36
  - c. 12
  - d. 6
10. The best response to a radioactive environment is Time, Distance, and \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. Sampling
  - b. Shipping
  - c. Sourcing
  - d. Shielding
11. Who determines if an onsite structure is safe operations?
  - a. Hazmat and Structures Specialist
  - b. Hazmat and Canine Specialist
  - c. Task Force Leader and Structures Specialist  
Rescue Manager
12. The Mission of US&R Enhanced Operations in the Contaminated Environment Course is?
  - a) To ensure members can safely search and rescue operations within or near a known or near a known or suspected contaminated environment.
  - b) To ensure members can safely identify and categorize Hazmat US&R operations within or near a known or suspected contaminated environment.
  - a) To provide the highest level of Hazmat Training to US&R responders.
  - b) CBRNE does not exist, it's actually just CBRN



13. The Defensive Mission of US&R Enhanced Operations in the Contaminated Environment Course include emergency measures taken to \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_.
- a) Prevent, avoid, and Minimize possible exposure
  - b) Evaluate, Detect, and Eliminate possible exposure
  - c) Evaluate, Measure, and Reduce possible contamination
  - d) Evaluate, Avoid, and Eliminate possible contamination
14. Many forms of social media are currently used via the internet by many personnel in all task forces. What Program Directive is mentioned?
- a) PD2011-020
  - b) PF2012-021
  - c) PD2011-012
  - d) PD2011-021
15. Concept of operations (On site Operations):
- a) Defensive Operations are defined as the precautions and emergency measures taken to prevent, avoid, or minimize possible exposure to the release of a chemical, biological material, incendiary device/ compound, radiological material, and/ or detonation or an explosive device.
  - b) Defensive Operations are defined as the cautions and emergency measures taken to prevent, assume, or minimize possible exposure to the release of a chemical, biological material, incendiary device/ compound, radiological material, and/or detonation of an explosive device.
  - c) Defensive Operations are defined as the precautions and measures taken to take on or minimize possible exposure to the release of a chemical, biological material, incendiary device/compound, radiological material, and/or detonation of an explosive device.
  - d) Defensive Operations are defined as the undo precautions that emergency measures are taken to prevent, avoid, or maximize possible exposure to the release of a chemical, biological material, incendiary device/compound, radiological material, and/or detonation of an explosive device.